

Engineering Economics Inc

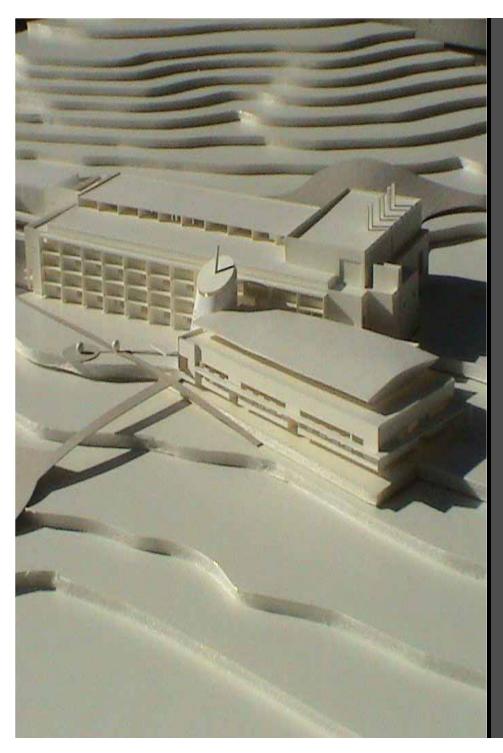
Exemplary Laboratory Design from the Commissioning Perspective

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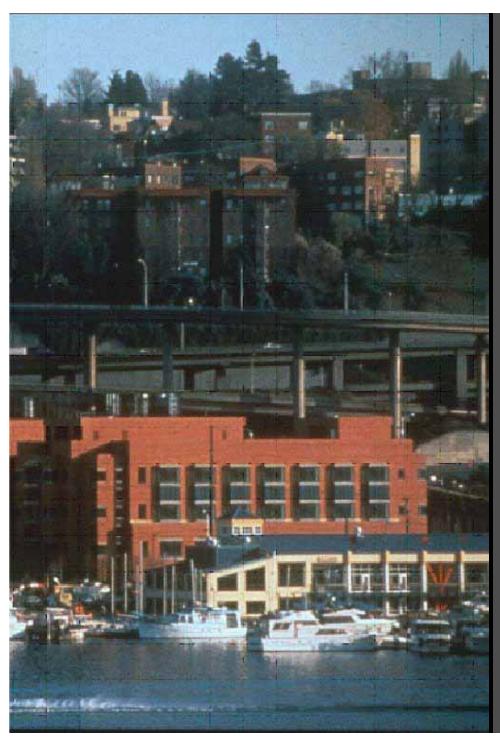
Introduction

- Commissioning) experience
- O Cx takes owner/operatorperspective achieve intendedperformance
- O Focus on the design process
- Feedback to designers and owners



Design Intent

- O Design Intent (DI) is the foundation for design of all systems
- O Get extensive input from the owner
- O Review other facilities with the owner
- Capture information in clear and concise format



Design Intent

- **O** Activity
- O Controllability
- O Occupancy
- **O** Expandability
- O Comfort
- **O** Flexibility

O IAQ

O Reliability

O Noise

- O Redundancy
- O Illumination
- **O** Maintainability
- **O** Performance
- **O** Commissionability
- O Efficiency
- O Budget

O LEED

- O Phasing
- O Integration
- O Long-Term Use



Basis of Design

- Qualitative DI Descriptionsbecome quantitative Basis ofDesign (BOD) criteria
- Develop the necessary level of detail to describe proper function
 - Required vivarium conditions of temperature 70 ± 2° F, humidity
 50 ± 5% RH, pressure +0.03
 ± 0.02 in. wc
- O Review document(s) with owner to get buy-in and sign-off

Concept

- Develop concept to meet the DI and BOD criteria
 - * Cooling plant requirements of efficiency, controllability, expandability, and redundancy may dictate configuration
- O Develop the concept with schematic diagrams or spatial P&ID's
- O Depict controls on P&ID's, including outline sequences
 - Primary/Secondary chiller plantP&ID versus plan depiction



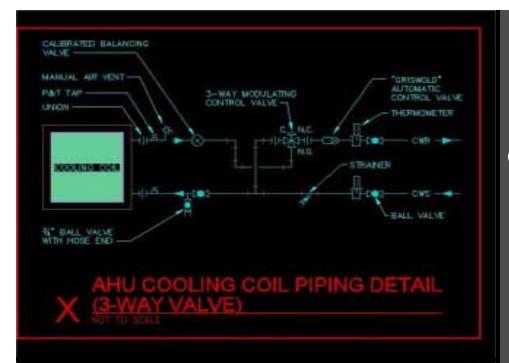
Concept

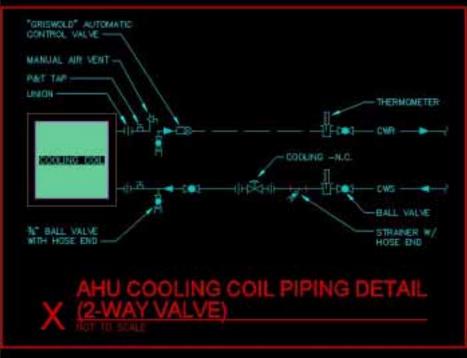
- Walk the virtual system through sequences, operational modes, failure scenarios, etc.
 - * Parallel air handling unit controls
- O Consider concept alternatives
 - * Keep it simple, reliable and maintainable
- Establish the preferred concept and refine it



Plans

- Perform load calculations to select equipment – right sizing per DI
- O Develop plan layouts and sections for large system elements
 - * Utilize plans / sections to ensure everything fits
 - * Focus on complementary information
 - * Carefully locate key system elements and control devices on plan





Plans

- Select installation details to match P&ID's
 - * 2-way valves versus 3-way valves
 - * Depict P/T taps, thermometers pressure gauges, balancing valves, etc.
- Schedule all equipment, even identical units, using owner's numbering standards
 - * Maintain consistency between contractors and O&M



Specifications

- O Contractor responsibilities to support Cx
- Incorporation of Cx activities into project schedule
- O Systems Integration
- Requirements for control device ranges and calibration / adjustment
 - * Range and adjustment of current switches



Specifications

- O Describe complete sequence of operation
- Document controls calibration factors and software revisions
- O Contractor demonstration of appropriate system operation
- O Review all design deliverables carefully before releasing
 - * Errors and inconsistencies cost the owner \$\$



Construction Administration

- O Focus submittal review on compliance with plans and specifications
- O Provide timely responses to contractor and Cx RFI's
- Be part of the solution, not part of the problem
 - * Designers stepping up to solve problems rather than stonewalling



Close-Out

- O Budget adequate time
- Focus installation review on compliance with plans and specifications
- O Utilize Cx for operational status
- Incorporate Cx items into punchlist to aid in timely resolution
- O Join the Cx team We are here to help you!